Ameer Khan's heir

By Our Music Critic

sed to be the question some 15 years ago. Ustad Ameer Khan had stablished himself as one of those artists whose superior craft and completely individual style was exne coming generations of cions.

A few years later music lovers and critics were almost certain lat they had found the answer Amarnath, who is now the lad of the department of vocal later at the Triveni Kala Sanger. He performed on the 27 september at the Triveni garden at the Triveni garden September heatre, the occasion being their unual music and dance festi-

Amarnath received his grounding n music from B. N. Datta, a fam- nath there was a deep tempera-

After Ameer Khan, who? This ous teacher, first in Lahore and then after partition in Delhi. those days Ustad Ameer Khan (who was also in Delhi) was not willing to accept pupils. He agreed to teach Amarnath, however, after

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(Amarnath's) intense seeing his desire and also his natural for the style.

Imitation is the first stage of all training, and so it was with Amarnath. But listeners over the radio and in concerts soon realized that between Ameer Khan and Amar-

mental affinity that went beyon mere imitation.

Ameer Khan took many disciple both before and after Amarnath But there is no one in whose voice production and craft the music o the Ustad comes alive as in Amarnath. Many years have passed since Amarnath first decame known. Over the years he has gone be-yond mirroring Ameer Khan in thinking and feeling and acquired an individual idiom. This was borne out by his at the Triveni garden theatre.

He started his performance with 'simendru madhyam', a raga of Carantic music, heard for the first time in Hindustani vocal music. It can be understood as a melody that uses the komal dhaïvat in manbuvani, or the shudh re in

In the vilambit Amarnath's voice does not have the same strength as that of the Ustad, but what he does have is the same seriousness and poise in the tone. In the lower octave he used the dha like a Carnatic musician, giving it a small oscillation but in the middle octave the same note had a tings of a morning 'raga' due, no doubt to its nearness to todi. The entire movement set to jhoomra taal was relaxed, and progressed in a leisurely manner.

The composition in drut ektaal was Amarnath's own. The difference between him and his Ustad comes out clearly in this composition. Amarnath leans towards the light, though not necessarily the non-serious Both in his choice of words and in their setting music the compositions are ornate, and the embellishments of the Puland the embellishments of the jab style are frequently used. The seemed improved in this performance. There was another beautiful composition in shahana and a bhajar 'Ratian jogan din bairagi'.

Apart from mumerous interesting composition in classical 'ragas' he is the composition who can be the composition of the compositi is the composer who gave us those memorable songs like 'Jogiya se preet klya dukh hoey' in 'Garam Coat He was also the composer in the documentary on Ghalib

The other star performer in the fastival was Uma Shankar Mishra, a well known siturist of the Allaud-din Khan school and in charge of the sitar department at Trivent. Uma Shankar is another artiste whose music is never less than scrious. He has profiled also from Ravi Shankar style, but has his own individuality

